

PRODUCT INFORMATION

| Тад | C-Flag&Strep Tag |
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| Target | OR7C2 |
| Synonyms | CIT-HSP-87M17, OR19-18, OR7C3 |
| Description | Human OR7C2-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Uniprot ID | 060412 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Protein Families | Transmembrane,Druggable Genome, |
| Protein Pathways | GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like, |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length OR7C2-Strep protein has a Market Market Market Market Market All Market Al |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |

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