

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

C-Flag&Strep Tag Tag

OR1A2 **Target** OR17-6 **Synonyms** 

Human OR1A2-Strep full length protein-synthetic **Description** 

nanodisc **Delivery** 6~8weeks **Uniprot ID** Q9Y585 **Expression Host HEK293** 

**Protein Families** Transmembrane, Druggable Genome,

**Protein Pathways** GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,

The human full length OR1A2-Strep protein has a **Molecular Weight** 

MW of 34.4 kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before Formulation & Reconstitution lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis

for specific instructions of reconstitution. Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Storage & Shipping

Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the

recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor

genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Research use only **Usage** Conjugate Unconjugated

**Background** 



