

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag	C-Flag&Strep Tag
Target	NMDE1
Synonyms	EPND, FESD, GluN2A, LKS, NMDAR2A, NR2A
Description	Human NMDE1-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Delivery	6~8weeks
Uniprot ID	Q12879
Expression Host	HEK293
Protein Families	Ion Channels: Sodium
Protein Pathways	N/A
Molecular Weight	The human full length NMDE1-Strep protein has a MW of 165.3 kDa
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.
Storage&Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	This gene encodes a member of the glutamate-gated ion channel protein family. The encoded protein is an N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptor subunit. NMDA receptors are both ligand-gated and voltage-dependent, and are involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. These receptors are permeable to calcium ions, and activation results in a calcium influx into post-synaptic cells, which results in the activation of several signaling cascades. Disruption of this gene is associated with focal epilepsy and speech disorder with or without cognitive disability. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated

