Cat. No. PME30027



PRODUCT INFORMATION

LR3-IGF-1 **Target**

Insulin-Like Growth Factor I;IGF-I;Mechano Growth Factor;MGF;Somatomedin-C;IGF1;IBP1 **Synonyms**

Recombinant Human LR3 Insulin-Like Growth Factor-I is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Gly49-

Ala118 is expressed.

Delivery In Stock **Uniprot ID** P05019 **Expression Host** E.coli

Tag

Description

Molecular

Storage & Shipping

Background

Not available Characterization

Molecular Weight 9.1 KDa

Greater than 95% as determined by reducing **Purity**

SDS-PAGE.

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM NaAc-HAc, 4% Mannitol, pH 4.5. Formulation & Reconstitution

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store

at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing).

Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

Insulin-like growth factor I (IGF1) belongs to the family of insulin-like growth factors that are structurally homologous to proinsulin. Mature IGFs are generated by proteolytic processing of inactive precursor proteins, which contains the N-

and C-terminal propeptide regions. Mature human IGF-I consisting of 70 amino acids has 94% identity with mouse IGF-I and exhibits crossspecies activity. IGF-1 binds IGF-IR, IGF-IIR, and the insulin receptor and plays a key role in cell

cycle progression, cell proliferation and tumor progression. IGF-1 expression is regulated by growth hormone. R3 IGF-1 is an 83 amino acid analog of IGF-1 comprising the complete human IGF-1 sequence with the substitution of an Arg (R) for the Glu(E) at position three, hence R3, and a 13 amino acid extension peptide at the N terminus. R3 IGF-1 has been produced with the purpose of increasing biological activity. R3 IGF-1

is significantly more potent than human IGF-I in

Email: info@dimabio.com Website: www.dimabio.com

Usage Research use only Conjugate Unconjugated







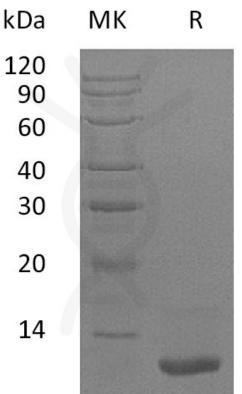


Figure 1. Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.



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