

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Target	F7
Synonyms	SPCA
Description	Recombinant human F7 Protein with C-terminal 3×Flag tag
Delivery	In Stock
Uniprot ID	P08709
Expression Host	HEK293
Tag	C-3×Flag Tag
Molecular Characterization	F7(Met1-Pro466) 3×Flag tag
Molecular Weight	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 54.5 kDa after removal of the signal peptide.
Purity	The purity of the protein is greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
Storage & Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	This gene encodes coagulation factor VII which is a vitamin K-dependent factor essential for hemostasis. This factor circulates in the blood in a zymogen form, and is converted to an active form by either factor IXa, factor Xa, factor XIIa, or thrombin by minor proteolysis. Upon activation of the factor VII, a heavy chain containing a catalytic domain and a light chain containing 2 EGF-like domains are generated, and two chains are held together by a disulfide bond. In the presence of factor III and calcium ions, the activated factor then further activates the coagulation cascade by converting factor IX to factor IXa and/or factor X to factor Xa. Defects in this gene can cause coagulopathy. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms that may undergo similar proteolytic processing to generate mature polypeptides. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated



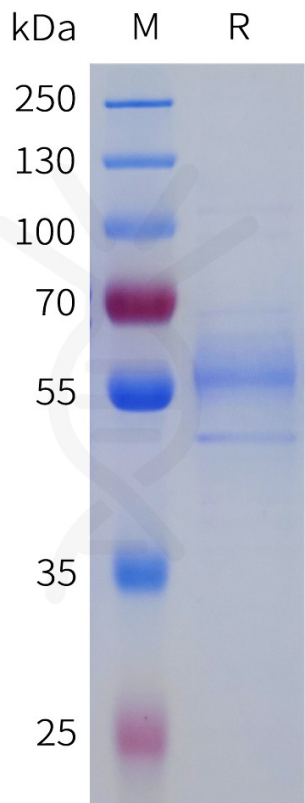


Figure 1. Human F7 Protein, Flag Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

