

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Tag | C-Flag&Strep Tag |
| Target | BKR1 |
| Synonyms | B1BKR, B1R, BKB1R, BKR1, BRADYB1 |
| Description | Human BKR1-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Uniprot ID | P46663 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Protein Families | GPCR,Transmembrane,Druggable Genome, GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,Peptide GPCRs,Regulation of Actin Cytoskeleton KEGG,Cancer, |
| Protein Pathways | |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length BKR1-Strep protein has a MW of 40.5 kDa |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage&Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | Bradykinin, a 9 aa peptide, is generated in pathophysiologic conditions such as inflammation, trauma, burns, shock, and allergy. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family. Two types of G-protein coupled receptors have been found which bind bradykinin and mediate responses to these pathophysiologic conditions. The protein encoded by this gene is one of these receptors and is synthesized de novo following tissue injury. Receptor binding leads to an increase in the cytosolic calcium ion concentration, ultimately resulting in chronic and acute inflammatory responses. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2020] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |

